

		Year 1 – Sing Up Music Mapping Key					
National Curriculum KS1							
Programme of study 1 Pupils use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.							
Programme of study	2	Pupils play tuned and untuned instruments musically.					
Programme of study	3	Pupils listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.					
Programme of study	4	Pupils experiment with, create, select, and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.					
		Model Music Curriculum Statements					
Singing	а	Sing simple chants and rhymes from memory, singing collectively and at the same pitch, responding to simple visual directions (e.g. stop, start, loud, quiet) and counting in.					
	b	Sing songs with a very small range, mi-so, then slightly wider. Include pentatonic songs.					
	е	Sing a wide range of call-and-response songs to control vocal pitch and to match the pitch they hear with accuracy.					
Listening	Develop knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history, and social context of music they are listening to, singing and playing.						
	b	Listen to recorded performances.					
Composing	а	Improvise simple vocal chants using question-and-answer phrases.					
	b	Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to a stimulus e.g. a rainstorm or a train journey. Combine to					
		make a story using classroom instruments or sound-makers.					
	С	Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.					
	d	Invent, retain and recall rhythm and pitch patterns and perform these for others, taking turns.					
	е	Use music technology to capture, change and combine sounds.					
	f	Recognise how graphic notation can represent created sounds. Explore and invent own symbols.					
Musicianship: Beat	а	Walk, move or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes.					
	b	Use body percussion and classroom percussion, playing repeated patterns (ostinati) and short pitched patterns on tuned instruments to maintain a steady beat.					
	С	Respond to the pulse in recorded/live music through movement and dance.					
Musicianship: Rhythm	d	Perform short copycat rhythm patterns accurately, led by the teacher.					
	Perform short repeating rhythm patterns while keeping in time with a steady beat.						
	f	Perform word-pattern chants; create, retain and perform their own rhythm patterns.					
Musicianship: Pitch	g	Listen to sounds in the local school environment comparing high and low sounds.					
<u> </u>	h	Sing familiar songs in low and high voices and talk about the difference in sound.					
	i	Explore percussion sounds to explore storytelling.					
	i	Follow pictures and symbols to guide singing and playing e.g. 4 dots = 4 taps on the drum.					

		Year 1 – Sing Up M	usic – Outcomes Mappi	ng	
Term (number of lessor	าร)	Autumn (3) + Nativity	Spring (6)	Summer (3 + 3)	
Title		Magical Musical Aquarium	Football	Dancing and Drawing to Nautilus	Cat and Mouse
Musical Focus		Timbre, pitch, structure, graphic symbol, classical music	Beat, ostinato, pitched/unpitched patterns, mi-re-do, progression snap shot 2	Active listening (musical signals, internalising beat, draw to music, movement/ actions), electronic music	Mood, tempo, dynamics, rhythm, dot notation
		National C	Curriculum For Music		
Programme of study	1				
Programme of study	2				
Programme of study	3				
Programme of study	4				
		Model	Music Curriculum		
Singing	а				
0 0	b				
	С				
Listening	а				
	b				
Composing	а				
	b				
	С				
	d				
	е				
	f				
Musicianship: Beat	а				
	b				
	С				
Musicianship: Rhythm	d				
	е				
	f				
Musicianship: Pitch	g				
	h				
	i				
	j				

		Year 2 – Sing Up Music Mapping Key				
		National Curriculum KS1				
Programme of study	Programme of study 1 Pupils use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.					
Programme of study	2	Pupils play tuned and untuned instruments musically.				
Programme of study	3	Pupils listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.				
Programme of study	4	Pupils experiment with, create, select, and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.				
		Model Music Curriculum Statements				
Singing	а	Sing songs regularly with a pitch range of do-so (e.g. C-G) with increasing vocal control.				
	b	Sing songs with a small pitch range, pitching accurately.				
	е	Know the meaning of dynamics (loud/quiet) and tempo (fast/slow) and be able to demonstrate these when singing by responding to (a) the leader's directions and (b) visual symbols (e.g. crescendo, decrescendo, pause).				
Listening	а	Develop a knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history, and social context of music they are listening to, singing and playing.				
	b	Listen to recorded performances.				
Composing	а	Create music in response to a non-musical stimulus (e.g. a storm, a car race, or a rocket launch).				
1 0	b	Work with a partner to improvise simple question-and-answer phrases, to be sung and played on untuned percussion, creating a musical				
		conversation.				
	e	Use graphic symbols, dot notation and stick notation, as appropriate, to keep a record of composed pieces.				
	d	Use music technology to capture, change and combine sounds.				
Musicianship: Beat	а	Understand that the speed of the beat can change, creating a faster or slower pace (tempo).				
	b	Mark the beat of a listening piece by tapping or clapping and recognising tempo as well as changes in tempo.				
	С	Walk in time to the beat of a piece of music or song. Know the difference between left and right to support coordination and shared movement with others.				
	d	Begin to group beats in twos and threes by tapping knees on the first (strongest) beat and clapping the remaining beats.				
	е	Identify the beat groupings in familiar music that they sing regularly and listen to.				
Musicianship: Rhythm	f	Play copycat rhythms, copying a leader, and invent rhythms for others to copy on untuned percussion.				
	g	Create rhythms using word phrases as a starting point.				
	h	Read and respond to chanted rhythm patterns, and represent them with stick notation including crotchets, quavers and crotchets rests.				
	i	Create and perform their own chanted rhythm patterns with the same stick notation.				
Musicianship: Pitch	j	Play a range of singing games based on the cuckoo interval (so-mi) matching voices accurately, supported by a leader playing the melody.				
•		The melody could be played on a piano, acoustic instrument or backing track.				
	k	Sing short phrases independently within a singing game or short song.				
	I	Respond independently to pitch changes heard in short melodic phrases, indicating with actions (e.g. stand up/sit down, hands high/hands low).				
	m	Recognise dot notation and match it to 3-note tunes played on tuned percussion.				

		Year 2 – Sing Up I	Music – Outcomes Mapp	ing
Term (number of lessor	าร)	Autumn (3) + Nativity Spring (6)		Summer (6)
Title		Carnival of the animals	Grandma Rap	Tanczymy labada
Musical Focus		Timbre, tempo, dynamics, pitch, classical music	Duration (crotchet, quavers, crotchet rest), unison, round, progression snap shot 2	Duration (crotchet, quavers, crotchet rest), chords, progression snap shot 3
		National	Curriculum For Music	
Programme of study	1			
Programme of study	2			
Programme of study	3			
Programme of study	4			
		Mode	l Music Curriculum	
Singing	а			
	b			
	С			
Listening	а			
	b			
Composing	а			
	b			
	С			
	d			
Musicianship: Beat	а			
	b			
	С			
	d			
	е			
Musicianship: Rhythm	f			
	g			
	h			
Musicionakies Dital	i			
Musicianship: Pitch	J I.			
	k			
	I			
	m			

		Year 3 – Sing Up Music Mapping Key			
		National Curriculum KS2			
Programme of study 1 Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, flucture control and expression.					
Programme of study	2	Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music.			
Programme of study	3	Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.			
Programme of study	4	Use and understand staff and other musical notations.			
Programme of study	5	Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians.			
Programme of study	6	Develop an understanding of the history of music.			
		Model Music Curriculum Statements			
Singing	а	Sing a widening range of unison songs of varying styles and structures with a pitch range of do-so, tunefully and with expression. Perform forte and piano, loud and soft			
	b	Perform actions confidently and in time to a range of action songs.			
c Walk, move or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes.					
Listening					
	b	Listen to recorded performances.			
Improvise	а	Become more skilled in improvising (using voices, tuned and untuned percussion and other instruments), inventing short 'on-the-spot' responses using a limited note-range.			
	b	Structure musical ideas (e.g. using echo or question and answer phrases) to create music that has a beginning, middle and end. Pupils should compose in response to different stimuli, e.g. stories, verse, images (paintings and photographs) and musical sources.			
Compose	С	Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create rising and falling phrases using just three notes (do, re and mi).			
-	d	Compose song accompaniments on untuned percussion using known rhythms and note values.			
Performing	а	Develop facility in playing tuned percussion or a melodic instrument such as violin or recorder.			
•	b	Play and perform melodies following staff notation using a small range (e.g. do-mi or C-E) as a whole class or in small groups.			
		Use listening skills to correctly order phrases using dot notation, showing different arrangements of notes C-D-E/do-re-mi.			
	d	Individually (solo) copy stepwise melodic phrases with accuracy at different speeds; allegro and adagio, fast and slow. Extend to questionand-answer phrases.			
Reading notation	е	Introduce the stave, lines and spaces, and clef. Use dot notation to show higher or lower pitch.			
	f	Introduce and understand the differences between crotchets and paired quavers.			
	g	Apply word chants to rhythms, understanding how to link each syllable to one musical note.			

		Year 3 – Sing Up Mu	usic – Outcomes Mappi	ng	
Term (number of lessons)		Autumn (3) + Christmas Performance Spring (6)		Summer (3+3)	
Title		Sound Symmetry	Latin Dance	Just 3 notes	Samba with Sergio
Musical Focus		Structure (symmetry and pattern in melody, ternary form), melody, accompaniment	Notes and chords, rhythm, ukulele technique, salsa, progression snap shot 2	Pitch (C-D-E), rhythm patterns, structure, minimalism, dot notation	Call-and-response, samba batucada, beat, rhythm, music and community, rhythm notation
		National C	urriculum For Music		
Programme of study	1				
Programme of study	2				
Programme of study	3				
Programme of study	4				
Programme of study	5				
Programme of study	6				
		Model N	Music Curriculum		
Singing	а				
	b				
	С				
Listening	а				
	b				
Improvise	а				
	b				
Compose	С				
	d				
Performing	а				
	b				
	С				
	d				
Reading notation	е				
	f				
	g				

		Year 4 – Sing Up Music Mapping Key		
		National Curriculum KS2		
Programme of study	1	Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.		
Programme of study	2	Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music.		
Programme of study	3	Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.		
Programme of study	4	Use and understand staff and other musical notations.		
Programme of study	5	Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians.		
Programme of study	6	Develop an understanding of the history of music.		
		Model Music Curriculum Statements		
Singing	а	Continue to sing a broad range of unison songs with the range of an octave (do–do), pitching the voice accurately and following directions for getting louder (crescendo) and quieter (descrescendo).		
	b	Sing rounds and partner songs in different time signatures (2, 3 and 4 time) and begin to sing repertoire with small and large leaps as well as a simple second part to introduce vocal harmony.		
Listening	а	Develop a knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history, and social context of music they are listening to, singing and playing.		
	b	Listen to recorded performances.		
Improvise	а	Improvise on a limited range of pitches on the instrument they are now learning, making use of musical features including smooth (legato) and detached (staccato).		
	b	Begin to make compositional decisions about the overall structure of improvisations and continue this process in composition tasks.		
Compose	С	Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create short pentatonic phrases using a limited range of 5 pitches suitable for the instruments being learnt. Sing and play these phrases as self-standing compositions.		
	d	Arrange individual notation cards of known note values (i.e. minim, crotchet, crotchet rest and paired quavers) to create sequences of 2-, 3- or 4-beat phrases, arranged into bars.		
	е	Explore developing knowledge of musical components by composing music to create a specific mood, for example creating music to accompany a short film clip.		
	f	Introduce major and minor chords.		
	g	Include instruments played in whole-class/group/individual teaching to expand the scope and range of the sound palette available for composition work.		
	h	Capture and record creative ideas using any of: graphic symbols, rhythm notation and time signatures, staff notation, technology.		
Performing	a	Develop facility in the basic skills of a selected musical instrument over a sustained learning period.		
<u> </u>	b	Play and perform melodies following staff notation using a small range (e.g. Middle C-G/do-so) as a whole-class or in small groups.		
	e	Perform in two or more parts (e.g. melody and accompaniment or a duet) from simple notation using instruments played in whole class teaching. Identify		
		static and moving parts.		
	d Copy short melodic phrases including those using the pentatonic scale (e.g. C, D, E, G, A).			
Reading notation	е	Introduce and understand the differences between minims, crotchets, paired quavers and rests.		
f Read and perform pitch notation within a defined range (e.g. C-G/do-so).				
	g	Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat: maintain individual parts accurately within the rhythmic texture, achieving a sense of		
		ensemble.		

		Year 4 - Sing Up I	Music – Outc	omes Mappi	ng	
Term (number of lessons)		Autumn (6)	Spring	J (3 + 3)	Summer (3) + Brewhouse	
Title		Latin Dance	Global Pentatonics	From a railway carriage	Fanfare for a common man	
Musical Focus		Ukelele Unit Focusing on aspects of singing, playing, improvising, composing, and listening	Pentatonic scale, different music traditions and cultures, graphic/dot notation	Structure (repetition, round, pattern), texture (layers, unison), timbre, beat	Fanfare, timbre, dynamics, texture, silence	
		National	Curriculum For M	usic		
Programme of study	1					
Programme of study	2					
Programme of study	3					
Programme of study	4					
Programme of study	5					
Programme of study	6					
		Mode	el Music Curriculun	n		
Singing	а					
	b					
Listening	а					
	b					
Improvise	а					
	b					
Compose	С					
	d					
	е					
	f					
	g					
	h					
Performing	а					
	b					
	С					
	d					
Reading notation	е					
	f					
	g					

		Year 5 – Sing Up Music Mapping Key			
		National Curriculum KS2			
Programme of study	Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and				
		expression.			
Programme of study	2	Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music.			
Programme of study	3	Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.			
Programme of study	4	Use and understand staff and other musical notations.			
Programme of study	5	Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians.			
Programme of study	6	Develop an understanding of the history of music.			
		Model Music Curriculum Statements			
Singing	а	Sing a broad range of songs from an extended repertoire with a sense of ensemble and performance. This should include observing phrasing, accurate pitching and appropriate style.			
	b	Sing three-part rounds, partner songs, and songs with a verse and a chorus.			
Listening	а	Develop a knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history, and social context of music they are listening to, singing and playing.			
	b	Listen to recorded performances.			
Improvise	а	Improvise freely over a drone, developing sense of shape and character, using tuned percussion and melodic instruments.			
	b Improvise over a simple groove, responding to the beat, creating a satisfying melodic shape; experiment with using a wider range of dyna very loud (fortissimo), very quiet (pianissimo), moderatly loud (mezzo forte), and moderatley quiet (mezzo piano). Continue this process ir tasks.				
Compose	е	Compose melodies made from pairs of phrases in either C major or A minor or a key suitable for the instrument chosen. These melodies can be enhanced with rhythmic or chordal accompaniment.			
	d	Working in pairs, compose a short ternary piece.			
	е	Use chords to compose music to evoke a specific atmosphere, mood or environment. Equally, pupils might create music to accompany a silent film or to set a scene in a play or book.			
	f	Capture and record creative ideas using any of: graphic symbols, rhythm notation and time signatures, staff notation, technology.			
Performing	а	Play melodies on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboards, following staff notation written on one stave and using notes within the Middle C–C'/do–do range. This should initially be done as a whole class with greater independence gained each lesson through smaller group performance.			
	b	Understand how triads are formed, and play them on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboards. Perform simple, chordal accompaniments to familiar songs.			
	С	Perform a range of repertoire pieces and arrangements combining acoustic instruments to form mixed ensembles, including a school orchestra.			
	d	Develop the skill of playing by ear on tuned instruments, copying longer phrases and familiar melodies.			
Reading notation	е	Further understand the differences between semibreves, minims, cretchets and cretchet rests, paired quavers and semiquavers.			
<u>-</u>	f	Understand the differences between 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4 time signatures.			
	g	Read and perform pitch notation within an octave (e.g. C–C′/do–do).			
	h	Read and play short rhythmic phrases at sight from prepared cards, using conventional symbols for known rhythms and note durations.			

		Year 5 – Sing Up	Music – Outcomes Mar	pping
Term (number of lessons)		Autumn (6)	Spring (6)	Summer (6) + Brewhouse
Title		What shall we do with the drunken sailor?	Three Little Birds	Fly with the stars
Musical Focus		Sea shanties, beat, rhythm, chords, bass, dot notation, progression snap shot 1	Reggae, riffs, chords, bassline, harmony	Ukelele Unit Focusing on aspects of singing, playing, improvising, composing, and listening
		Nationa	l Curriculum For Music	
Programme of study	1			
Programme of study	2			
Programme of study	3			
Programme of study	4			
Programme of study	5			
Programme of study	6			
		Mod	el Music Curriculum	
Singing	а			
	b			
Listening	а			
	b			
Improvise	а			
•	b			
Compose	С			
	d			
	е			
	f			
Performing	а			
	b			
	С			
	d			
Reading notation	е			
	f			
	g			
	h			

		Year 6 – Sing Up Music Mapping Key			
		National Curriculum KS2			
Programme of study	1	Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression.			
Programme of study	2	Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music.			
Programme of study	3	Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.			
Programme of study	4	Use and understand staff and other musical notations.			
Programme of study	5	Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians.			
Programme of study	6	Develop an understanding of the history of music.			
·		Model Music Curriculum Statements			
Singing	а	Sing a broad range of songs, including those that involve syncopated rhythms, as part of a choir, with a sense of ensemble and performance. This should include observing rhythm, phrasing, accurate pitching and appropriate style.			
	b	Continue to sing three- and four-part rounds or partner songs, and experiment with positioning singers randomly within the group - i.e. no longer in discrete parts - in order to develop greater listening skills, balance between parts and vocal independence.			
Listening	а	Develop a knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history, and social context of music they are listening to, singing and playing.			
	b	Listen to recorded performances.			
Improvise	а	Create music with multiple sections that include repetition and contrast.			
•	b	Use chord changes as part of an improvised sequence.			
	С	Extend improvised melodies beyond 8 beats over a fixed groove, creating a satisfying melodic shape.			
Compose	d	Plan and compose an 8- or 16-beat melodic phrase using the pentatonic scale (e.g. C, D, E, G, A) and incorporate rhythmic variety and interest. Play this melody on available tuned percussion and/or orchestral instruments. Notate this melody.			
	е	Compose melodies made from pairs of phrases in either G major or E minor or a key suitable for the instrument chosen.			
	f	Enhance improvised/composed melodies with rhythmic or chordal accompaniment.			
	g	Compose a ternary piece; use available music software/apps to create and record it, discussing how musical contrasts are achieved.			
Performing	а	Play a melody following staff notation written on one stave and using notes within an octave range (do-do); make decisions about dynamic range.			
	b	Accompany this same melody, and others, using block chords or a bass line. This could be done using keyboards, tuned percussion or tablets, or			
		demonstrated at the board using an online keyboard.			
	С	Engage with others through ensemble playing with pupils taking on melody or accompaniment roles. The accompaniment, if instrumental, could be chords or a single-note bass line.			
Reading notation	d	Further understand the differences between semibreves, minims, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers, and their equivalent rests.			
<u> </u>	е	Further develop the skills to read and perform pitch notation within an octave (e.g. C–C/ do–do).			
	f	Read and play confidently from rhythm notation cards and rhythmic scores in up to 4 parts that contain known rhythms and note durations.			
	g	Read and play from notation a four-bar phrase, confidently identifying note names and durations.			

		Year 6 – Sing Up	Music – Outcomes Mapp	oing	
Term (number of lesso	ns)	Autumn (6)	Spring (6)	Summer (3) + Brewhouse	
Title		Nobody Knows	The Doot-Doot song	Building a Groove	
Musical Focus		Songwriting, chords, writing lyrics on theme of 'leavers'	Ukelele Unit Focusing on aspects of singing, playing, improvising, composing, and listening	Beat, rhythm, basslines, riffs	
		Nationa	l Curriculum For Music		
Programme of study	1				
Programme of study	2				
Programme of study	3				
Programme of study	4				
Programme of study	5				
Programme of study	6				
		Mode	el Music Curriculum		
Singing	а				
	b				
Listening	а				
<u> </u>	b				
Improvise	а				
	b				
	С				
Compose	d				
	е				
	f				
	g				
Performing	а				
	b				
	С				
Reading notation	d				
	е				
	f				
	g				